TRANSCRIPTION SERVICE BY:

Veritext Legal Solutions

20

21

22

23

24

25

330 Old Country Road, Suite 300 Mineola, NY 11501

Tel: 800-727-6396 ▼ www.veritext.com

Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording; transcript produced by transcription service.

1			I	APPE	EARANCES:
2					
3	FOR	THE	PLAINTIFF:		YETTER COLEMAN LLP Matthew C. Zorn
4					811 Main Street Houston, TX 77002
5					713-632-8000
6	E∨D	TUE	DEFENDANTS:		U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
7	FOR	11111	DEFENDANTS.		Jimmy Anthony Rodriguez 1000 Louisiana
8					Houston, TX 77002 713-567-9532
9					713 307 3332
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

## 1 HOUSTON, TEXAS; FRIDAY, APRIL 7, 2023; 2:13 PM 2 CLERK: Court calls civil action 4:22-cv-2396, 3 Matthew C. Zorn v. United States Department of Justice, et al. 4 May I have appearances of counsel? 5 MR. ZORN: Matthew C. Zorn for myself. 6 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Jimmy Rodriguez from the U.S. 7 Attorney's Office here on behalf of the United States. 8 THE COURT: All right. Okay, so, you requested a 9 hearing, here we are, what do we need? 10 MR. ZORN: Your Honor, I'd be happy to give the Court an overview of the case, if that's helpful, or just get right 11 12 to the dispute. I think we have one minor dispute between us. 13 Whichever I think is more helpful for Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: So, I know generally what the case is 15 about, but I mean I'm happy to hear what all you have to say. So, I don't want to cut you off. 16 17 MR. ZORN: Sure, you know, introduction of the case 18 would probably be helpful. So, I filed this lawsuit. It's a 19 Freedom of Information Act lawsuit, but it's not a typical FOIA 20 lawsuit. There's no request that I made that was denied that I 21 brought to a district court. It started off as a -- what's 22 called a pattern of practice claim. And I'll put this up 23 front, the 5th Circuit has never recognized the pattern of 24 practice claim. The 9th Circuit and the D.C. Circuits, all the 25 courts of appeals to have ever considered the question have

recognized it, but it hasn't been recognized in the 5th Circuit.

THE COURT: Has it been declined in the 5th Circuit or just not been put forth?

MR. ZORN: Unaddressed.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ZORN: And as far as I know it might even be a question of first impression from this Court in the 5th Circuit in the Southern District of Texas. And maybe there's a district court case outside the Southern District. But in any event that was the original thrust of the lawsuit.

And the Government filed a motion to dismiss, I had pretty detailed allegations as to there being a pattern of practice. I had 10 requests that were denied, all in the same manner that I contend is a misconstruction of the statute. I think taking a step back as to what that construction is will help the Court understand why I'm even here.

There's an exception in FOIA which says that when a request raises unusual circumstances, the court, sorry, the government doesn't have to abide by the statutory deadlines in the statute. What I found out through my own requests and later a 30(b)(6) deposition is the government has construed this exception to mean anything that's not in the FOIA office. And as it turns out none of the component DOJ offices, as far as I know, keep any records in their FOIA office.

So, every request raises unusual circumstances. And the United State Department of Justice just decides it doesn't want to comply FOIA statutory deadlines. This is my position, obviously, the Government would disagree. And I asked the witness for example at this deposition, I said, okay take a record from FOIA office, move it ten feet outside the FOIA office, is that -- does that raise unusual circumstances? And she said yes.

So, this is the Department's policy. So, that was the original thrust of my lawsuit and the Government on the pleadings said I hadn't alleged a plausible claim. I said, it looks to be a factual dispute, can I get a deposition. So, I deposed (indiscernible) 30(b)(6) with both the Department of Justice and the Drug Enforcement Administration. I think that's a very important fact that I'll get to in a moment.

And I find more FOIA violations. The chief FOIA officer statute, I ask if the person -- the witness that I'm deposing introduces herself as the chief FOIA officer for DEA. I didn't ask her a question, that's how she introduced herself. I then did ask the question and she said she was the chief FOIA officer. Then I get an errata this is -- and this is kind of leads to the status conference. I get an errata from the Department of Justice saying no she didn't mean that, she's not the chief FOIA officer of DEA. In fact, Vanita Gupta the associate attorney general is the chief FOIA officer for all

the components in the United States Department of Justice. And by the way the Drug Enforcement Administration is not an agency.

So, that's the motion for summary judgment that I have pending before Your Honor now which is the Government says that DEA is not an agency and I say it is an agency. But I'm getting a little bit far afield.

So, my first claim in this case is a pure statutory construction case. I think the Government and I are on the same page. We don't need any discovery with regard to that claim. The chief FOIA officer, same thing, it's really going to be a matter of statutory construction, and I'm not here on a fishing expedition.

But there's a claim I have in the case which is that the Government has secret FOIA policies that they are -- how they process requests. And I asked the Government before we started the (6) deposition to produce all policies that DOJ has by how it processes FOIA requests. The FOIA statute requires this to be disclosed, 5 USC 552(A)(2) quite clearly requires the government disclose this. And why is pretty apparent.

If I know how they process FOIA requests, I can tailor them to avoid all these obstacles that they keep throwing in my path. And so, I sent the 30(b)(6) notice, the Government objected, the Court overruled the Government's objection. And then, I get -- I got no production whatsoever

from the Office of Information Policy. I got a few documents from DEA.

So, I sent an email to the Government saying hey are you sure that the Office of Information Policy actually looked through its files and produced all of the policies it has for processing FOIA requests. And I was told that yes they did. And I have no reason to doubt my opposing counsel's representation that that was what he understood.

What I found out in the deposition was that wasn't true, at least with one document and I've got it here. It's a 2017 memo that was sent about how the Department of Justice -- like a presumption of redacting names and whatnot. But I was content at that point to just let sleeping dogs lie. And then, this errata came in where suddenly it's not an agency, the DEA was an agency, it isn't an agency anymore, that she was the chief FOIA officer and now she's not she's not the chief FOIA officer.

And then, a couple things happened in another case in DDC where a similar thing happened to a party, America's First Legal where the acting chief of the civil division said they had a policy and then the Department of Justice got a different employee to submit an affidavit saying no that employee was mistaken, there is no policy.

So, at this juncture, I'm just trying to have some serious questions, not about my opposing counsel or even the

```
1
     witness, but I don't think that the Office of Information
 2
     Policy searched its records and gave me the records that I
 3
     asked for, that the court overruled their objections on, it's
 4
     in the 30(b)(6) notice. And I think that I'm entitled to those
 5
     records and --
 6
               THE COURT: What are you asking me to do today?
 7
               MR. ZORN: Well, so the disagreement between myself
 8
     and the Government, I think, is pretty sharp at this point.
 9
     Which is the Government wants to move to dispositive motion
10
     practice and I agree that most of the case is teed up for that.
11
     And I would like just limited targeted discovery on the issue I
12
     just presented which is -- okay, I want to know about these
13
     policies about how you process FOIA requests.
14
               Did you search your records, did you give them all to
15
     me, like how -- you know what I'm worried about, Your Honor,
     just to be candid is that I have a plain and ordinary meaning
16
17
     of policy is very different from what the Department of
18
     Justice's meaning is.
19
               And that they're just worming their way around the
20
     same way they're trying to worm their way around the word
21
     agency. The same way that the unusual circumstances exception,
22
     they're construing the word establishment to mean an office
23
     across the hallway. So, I just want some clarity as to -- I
```

THE COURT: Have you moved for that in a motion or is

just want the truth here. Like --

24

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

this -- are you asking for it -- all those things here today, this discovery that you're asking for? So, what I have before me is the motion for summary judgment, but it was a motion to vacate the scheduling order or to put one in. I don't know that you got into those kinds of details and so I'm trying to find out what is it that you're actually asking me to do today? MR. ZORN: I think that today I just kind of wanted to vacate the schedule and discuss a way forward with the Court. And I'm happy to do things on the (indiscernible). THE COURT: So, let me just be clear and I'm going to let both sides -- let me just say my policy is to let both sides talk until they drop dead. And so, I'm not going to --I'll let you go back and forth as much as you want, so don't worry about that. What I'm trying to do is figure out -- it's helpful to hear what the dispute is, but I'm not resolving that today going to say who's an agency and what the extraordinary circumstances are and if across the hall satisfies all that.

because I don't -- I haven't read anything about that. I'm not That's helpful, it would be better for that to be briefed and for me to take a look at it to see if other courts have held that the DEA is an agency. If there are things across the hall that don't count, whatever. All that's helpful.

What I'm trying to do is just kind of narrow the issues from what you're -- the whole case is about to what you want to accomplish today. It sounds like what both of you want to do and I guess I need to hear from you, it sounds like you want to do some discovery before dispositive motion happens and it sounds like you want to move straight to the dispositive motions.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Your Honor, yes.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: I have a proposal for a plan that we can move forward, and I believe resolve this case on the most expedited basis and conserve the Court's resources to the extent we can. And I've discussed this with Mr. Zorn, and as he's said he's very reasonable and we get along and we communicate well.

So, my proposal was that the Government respond to his partial motion for summary judgment and cross move dispositively. We believe there's some threshold jurisdictional issues. But then, we would also move for summary judgment on all claims that are pending. If at that point Mr. Zorn believes that he needs discovery, he can file a motion under rule 56(d) and specify on what points he needs discovery. The Court would have the benefit of our motion and the context of the claims and understanding what he would need.

And of course, we would confer at that point and potentially even reach an agreement that would moot the need for the Court to become involved in a discovery dispute at all.

But that way the Court would have both, the benefit of briefing, the benefit of the parties being able to confer before any briefing on discovery were filed.

THE COURT: I did get nervous at the idea of having motions for summary judgment then open the door for more discovery and then you've got a motion for summary judgment that sits there for several months while you finish out and flush out discovery if it becomes necessary. And then, we have to supplement the motions for summary judgment and that gets kind of messy.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: One thing that I would point out in FOIA cases specifically, discovery's generally disfavored -THE COURT: Right.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: When discovery's allowed, and the caselaw flushes this out, it's typically then after the Government files a motion for summary judgment. And then, the Plaintiff points out like this affidavit says this, I need discovery on X, Y, and Z. So, I would say confidentially that the caselaw supports the idea of a motion for summary judgment in a FOIA case being filed. And then, the question of discovery can be addressed in rule 56(b) motion. I understand the Court's concern --

THE COURT: I'm just trying to make it easier on everybody. If we have kind of motions for summary judgment and then supplements if discovery has to happen and then I have to

```
1
     have a fight over whether or not discovery happens. Then we've
 2
     got a little bit of a mess and I'm having to mix and match
 3
     pleadings to see what goes with what.
 4
               My philosophy generally is to, and I don't know if
 5
     it's appropriate for a FOIA case, I haven't had a FOIA case
 6
     before. I don't know if it's appropriate is to just let you
 7
     have a regular scheduling order and work the case up like a
 8
     normal civil case. Are you saying that that's not typical?
 9
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Correct, and we would, we would be
10
     opposed to that, we would ask at a minimum that we'd be allowed
     to file some -- I don't know if it would be a motion, we could
11
12
     file a motion for a protective order, but some -- the
13
     opportunity --
14
               THE COURT: Well, he's got a motion to vacate the
15
     scheduling order, you could file a response to it that kind of
     says well we don't think a typical scheduling order makes sense
16
17
     because blah, blah, blah.
18
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: I'm happy to do that. I just wanted
     some kind of briefing paper before the Court that lays out the
19
20
     Government's position on discovery in a FOIA case. I mean, the
21
     Plaintiff also makes APA claims, but as Your Honor is aware
22
     that that's also an area where --
23
               THE COURT: I'm fairly familiar.
24
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: -- discovery is not the default. So,
```

yes, the bottom line the Government would like an opportunity

```
1
     to articulate its position in writing. I would prefer not to
 2
     respond to the motion for partial summary judgment on the 16th
     I think is my due date and not --
 3
 4
               THE COURT: Yeah, I'm not worried about -- I'm not
 5
     worried about a deadline. And he's shaking his head, so it
 6
     doesn't sound like that's a big deal, so.
 7
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: So, so if Your Honor would like me to
 8
     file a written response to the motion to vacate and articulate
     our position, I'm more than happy to do that.
 9
10
               THE COURT: So, what I don't want to do is
11
     micromanage this. So, we're all here together, what I'd like
12
     is just to figure out what everybody agrees is a reasonable
13
     path forward since the two of you have had a chance to say
14
     that. So, having heard that, Mr. Zorn, what do you think?
15
               MR. ZORN: I mean, like I said, there's a lot of
     common ground. I'm not asking for full discovery, it's not --
16
17
     wouldn't be proportional to the needs of this case.
18
               THE COURT: But you're asking for some which he
19
     doesn't want.
20
               MR. ZORN: Precisely and I mean I -- I mean, I
21
     suspect I know why. At the 30(b)(6) deposition that I took was
22
     very uncomfortable, I think.
23
               THE COURT: Well, we need to settle the discovery
24
     dispute issue. So, I'll say on the record here you don't need
```

to respond. How much more time do you want before you respond

```
1
     to the partial motion. Do you want it to be stayed
 2
     indefinitely or you asking for a couple weeks, or a month, or
 3
     what?
 4
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: My original plan was I would respond
 5
     on April 3rd and cross move on all claims, but I'm not sure
 6
     that's what Your Honor wants me to do.
 7
               THE COURT: I don't know what I want yet. So, I'm
 8
     trying to figure that out.
 9
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Taking in some of the threshold
10
     issues, I have a question about the Plaintiff's standing for
     some of his claims whether the Court has subject matter
11
12
     jurisdiction or if some of the reasons that Mr. Zorn said
13
     whether the 5th Circuit would recognize this cause of action
14
     under the APA, the unreasonable delay claims. I'm not sure
15
     that there's a kind of discreate mandatory duty at issue here
16
     that would give rise to that kind of claim. And then, we would
17
     address the merits of his claims as well in that one
18
     consolidated filing rather than trying to do it piecemeal.
19
     know, a motion to dismiss and then a summary judgment and then
20
     response to the partial motion.
21
               MR. ZORN: I think if the Court, just for the Court,
22
     I mean, what I'm asking for honestly in some respects is
23
     compliance with the original 30(b)(6) depositions the court
```

ordered the Government to comply with. I mean, I kind of am a

24

25

little bit --

```
1
               THE COURT: Well, it sounds like there's a dispute as
 2
     to whether or not they have complied with it, so.
 3
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: And there's a question about the --
     so it was the 30(b)(6) deposition notice and then it had a
 4
 5
     document request --
 6
               THE COURT: Right.
 7
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: -- accompanying. If there's a
 8
     question about whether we fully complied with the document
     request that I could do a certification, not me personally, but
 9
10
     the client can do a certification we've reviewed our files,
11
     these are the documents that we produced, there are no other
12
     documents. I'm not sure what more we could do to allay that
13
     concern.
14
               THE COURT: Why don't we --
15
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Unless he's saying that we would lie
     then yes then there's I could do to --
16
17
               MR. ZORN: Lie is not he word that I would use. What
18
     I would say is that's the representation that was made to me
19
     before the deposition. I took the deposition; the witness told
20
     me about this policy that wasn't produced to me, and it got
21
     produced after deposition.
22
               So, I mean, I'm -- lying is not the word I would use,
23
     but clearly there's someone's not communicating to someone
24
     something and I, you know, it's, you know, one shot you get
25
     sometimes. But I don't -- I wouldn't be able to trust, you
```

```
1
     know, unless I got affidavit that spelled out exactly what they
 2
     did. Like a, we searched our files these are terms we ran it.
     Like I mean, if that's -- if that's what Mr. Rodriguez and the
 3
 4
     Government is proposing. You know, maybe I could put some
 5
     stock in that, but I still think a deposition would be
 6
     appropriate. I do want to take one step back for the record.
 7
     It's true that in normal FOIA cases there is not discovery, but
 8
     this is not a normal FOIA cases, it's a pattern of practice
 9
     claim, which is different.
10
               THE COURT: Is there discovery in a pattern of
     practice claim for FOIA cases?
11
12
               MR. ZORN: It's just a normal civil case, Your Honor.
13
     So, from that point of view it's not like a kind of specialized
14
     FOIA case.
15
               THE COURT: Do we need to have briefing on whether or
     not this needs to be designated as pattern of practice claim?
16
17
     Is there a standard process for litigating or working up a
18
     pattern of practice claim as opposed to a regular one?
19
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, I would disagree that there's
20
     any case law indicating that a pattern of practice claim is
21
     subject to a normal schedule.
22
               THE COURT: Well, at least discovery.
23
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, I looked because that would be
24
     confirmative to me. I was really interested in what courts
```

have said about discovery in pattern of practice claims and I

couldn't find it and maybe my legal research skills were lacking.

MR. ZORN: No, no I don't think they are I'm just saying in the absence of any authority I think the federal rules are the federal rules and, you know, FOIA has built out sort of niched rule practice. But since that's not exactly doing here, it's just, you know, it's just a normal civil case governed by the federal rules.

I don't want normal discovery. I mean, you know, just for the Court like I'm not -- this isn't even really a pro bono case for me. I lose money by appearing here, I could be making money working for other clients. I don't want to go on a fishing expedition, but I do have -- honestly, I just have deep concerns about what's going on in this case. And as a lawyer I represent clients in this space, I also do journalism and if they are doing what they're doing with FOIA it makes my job almost impossible.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Well, I think the legal issue of whether we're properly processing FOIA requests as Mr. Zorn has said there really is no dispute actually about what we are or are not doing.

THE COURT: Well, what I'm hearing him say is that you're technically complying but substantively evading or something like that. And so, I'm not saying I'm signing off on that, but it's like going well we're doing it, but you know

we're moving some documents across the hall and then saying we don't have them, whatever. I get that, so...

MR. RODRIGUEZ: And I have to make clear that Judge Hughes, I believe, was very gracious in allowing Mr. Zorn the 30(b)(6) deposition. And Mr. Zorn identified some very specific 30(b)(6) topics to discuss with the witness.

And when we get to the deposition Mr. Zorn covered areas that went beyond the topics, and it was on those areas under which the witness gave testimony that she was mistaken about and later corrected it. And I want the record to make clear that the corrections were done in full compliance with rule 30 which allows corrections.

THE COURT: But the problem is once you -- look, I litigated forever and when I had -- so, errata sheets are supposed to like fix typos and things like that. If you have substantive changes, which maybe you have, the problem is, is that it opens the door to that person being reexamined over the substantive changes opposed to the typo change. You know, you misspelled a name.

If I presented a witness, maybe you can tell me if you agree with this. If I presented a witness and they got their errata sheet and they didn't like an answer either because it hurt their case or because they just misspoke. They would make an errata sheet change; they would turn a yes into a no. That's a pretty big change.

1 And then, I would inevitably get while I need to -- I 2 need to talk to your person again, we need to re-depose them on the substance of the errata changes. I mean, is that something 3 4 -- first off, do you agree that that is a reasonable way to 5 handle errata sheet changes that changes substance as opposed 6 to typos? 7 MR. RODRIGUEZ: I do in a case involving a recipient 8 If someone who's at an intersection and says I saw witness. 9 this and I did this, and he was there. 10 THE COURT: Well, I don't --11 MR. RODRIGUEZ: And later -- and then later says no I 12 wasn't there as opposed to someone who's speaking on a topic 13 that wasn't clearly identified and then misspoke. And then, in 14 the errata sheet explains the misstatement, then I don't agree, 15 Your Honor. THE COURT: Well, I mean it sounds like it's a key 16 17 part of his case and if she answered the question, but then 18 changed it and he wants to take advantage of the original 19 answer, why can't she explain why she changed it? 20 MR. RODRIGUEZ: But it wasn't a key part of his case 21 at the time of the 30(b)(6) deposition. After the deposition 22 he amended his complaint to include claims that weren't there 23 before and were unrelated to the court issue of whether we're

properly invoking the exceptions of FOIA. And so, now it's of

course part of the case because he's made the amended claims to

24

address these issues.

THE COURT: Well, I'm not -- that happens all the time. You take a deposition, you find out there's additional parties or you find out oh I didn't even know that that, you know, I've got a new basis for the claim, I'm going to amend my complaint and add it because discovery opened the door.

And so, I mean, you're not locked into your original complaint generally in a civil case. And so, if the door got opened during the 30(b)(6), like I said, either it created an additional claim, or she ought to at least explain why she changed her answer. If it is something that is a basis for a (indiscernible), couldn't he just file a new lawsuit over it and not even amend his complaint?

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, and that's why we didn't amend
-- we didn't amend, we didn't oppose the amendment itself.

THE COURT: Right. And so, but so, if the amendment is there then and it now pertains to the changed answer then what's the problem with her explaining why she changed it?

MR. RODRIGUEZ: I believe that she did explain as required under rule 30 in the errata itself.

THE COURT: But I mean, but you don't get to explore that, you don't get to cross-examine that. You know, you had a lawyer in your, you know, your hip pocket, which is what everybody, you know, does. They sit down with their lawyer to make sure that when you're doing your errata sheet, you're not

exceeding rule 30 because they're not lawyers.

And so, you know you get advice, but you don't get cross examined on why you're changing the answer. So, you know, like I said these are in non-FOIA cases. I did not litigate them and so I'm not trying to say that that fits neatly in this circumstance, but I'm familiar with having to reproduce a witness who changed substantive answers in an errata sheet.

What about this, and I'm entirely persuadable. But why don't we have some kind of a motion for discovery in which you can talk about your -- what you want, why you want it, why you think you're entitled to it. The pattern in practice stuff, which you kind of talk about in your motion to dismiss, right your second motion to dismiss deals with that.

MR. ZORN: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And then, you can respond. You can say no that doesn't apply and here's why. And then, we can get the discovery part knocked out. Because if there doesn't -- if I'm not going to allow any additional discovery then we're going straight to dispositive motions.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: First off, before I move onto second, does that sound like a reasonable way to proceed. And I'm more worried about you because you're the one who doesn't want to do discovery -- this gives you a chance to put your -- you can say

```
1
     no discovery's not appropriate because of this, that, and the
 2
     other.
 3
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: That sounds perfect to me, Your
 4
     Honor.
               THE COURT: Okay. So, let's on the partial motion
 5
 6
     for summary judgment whatever your response date is due, you
 7
     had suggested April 3rd?
 8
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yes, Your Honor.
 9
               THE COURT: Are you okay with that?
10
               MR. ZORN: Yes, that's --
11
               THE COURT: Chances of me ruling on that before April
12
     3rd anyway are exactly zero, so. So, yeah, you can -- and if
13
     you need more time because the discovery motion is pending. Is
14
     your request for discovery impacted the merits of the partial
15
     summary judgment.
16
               MR. ZORN: I mean, potentially except, I mean, I feel
17
     very confident in my motion and if I win it then I don't need
18
     the discovery. But if the Government's saying that the DEA's
19
     not an agency and that the associate attorney general is the
20
     chief FOIA officer for DEA, I mean, I can all but guarantee she
21
     doesn't do anything per the statute with respect to DEA. And I
22
     -- and we kind of get to what Your Honor was concerned about
23
     which is, is this just a ceremonial title that someone holds
24
     and then doesn't do any of the job responsibilities.
```

THE COURT: Oh, I'm not saying I'm concerned about

```
1
     it, I'm saying that that was your theory. Okay, so...
 2
                          I'm sorry -- that accurately summarized my
               MR. ZORN:
 3
     concern. Now, if the DEA is an agency I really don't think
 4
     that the Government's going to dispute that they don't have a
 5
     chief FOIA officer because that's the new position they're
 6
     taking.
 7
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Well, I think Mr. -- I think he may
 8
     agree with this that I think the best course of action and
 9
     maybe to hold the motion for partial summary judgment in
10
     abeyance while you file your motion for discovery, we resolve
     that. And then, we get establish a deadline for responding. I
11
12
     know Your Honor doesn't like a motion just to hang out there.
13
               THE COURT: Well, I mean, so, and that's what -- you
14
     got your second motion to dismiss on the agency -- is it all
15
     about just the agency, I'm sorry, the pattern of practice.
16
               MR. ZORN: Yep --
17
               THE COURT: Isn't that really going to be part of
18
     this? I mean, the motion for discovery kind of hinges on
19
     whether or not it's a pattern of practice claims in part
20
     because he's trying to indicate that well you get some
21
     discovery in pattern of practice claims.
22
               MR. ZORN: I mean, Your Honor, look it -- I want to
23
     be reasonable; I want this case to be deposed of in the most
24
     efficient manner. If the Government wants to move that I can't
```

state a claim on the pattern of practice and we want to handle

```
1
     that up front, I'm not going to oppose that. I mean, it's
 2
     about as simple as I described to Your Honor which is, you
 3
     know, it hasn't been decided in the 5th Circuit, all the
 4
     circuits that have looked at it have said yes, you know.
 5
               THE COURT: Well, he's -- you got -- is that what
 6
     your second motion to dismiss is on, the pattern of practice?
 7
     Or am I not remembering that correctly?
 8
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, no, that's correct.
                                                          And it's
     not specifically that the 5th Circuit will not recognize the
 9
10
     pattern of practice claim, it's more nuance than that. It's
11
     the types of pattern of practice claims that have been
12
     recognized are not the type that Mr. Zorn is asserting in this
13
            I mean, it sounds like we're coming back to what I
14
     thought was my original proposal is that I cross move on all
     claims and then Mr. Zorn can ask for discovery and the Court
15
     would have every issue before it, and there wouldn't be this
16
17
     piecemeal briefing of the partial summary judgment.
               THE COURT: So, the second amended -- what is your
18
19
     live complaint right now? Because remember I -- the case was
20
     reassigned to me, so I'm wanting to make sure I'm looking at
21
     what all is here. Is the second amended complaint the live
22
     pleading?
23
               MR. ZORN: That is live pleading, your Honor.
24
               THE COURT: Okay. So, your motion to dismiss is
```

directed at a prior complaint?

1 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Correct. 2 THE COURT: Typically, what I do on those is I deny them without prejudice because it's -- you're aimed at a dead 3 4 pleading right now. 5 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Correct. 6 THE COURT: So, I think maybe then what makes 7 difference -- what I should do is terminate without prejudice 8 your motion -- your second motion to dismiss --9 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Correct. 10 THE COURT: -- and you could direct it at the second 11 amended complaint. Kelly, you taking notes now because now 12 were hitting brass tacks, okay. So, that's what I'll do. It's 13 not a comment on the merits, of course. If you can direct it 14 towards that, then we can then -- and that addresses the 15 pattern of practice. 16 And then, at the same time you can file your motion 17 for discovery, and you can file a response to that. I don't 18 know if you want to file your motion to dismiss because I kind 19 of feel like he's going to figure out a way around your motion 20 to dismiss to ask for discovery anyway. So, I think it would 21 be separate from the discovery issues. 22 And that we will stay the partial motion for summary 23 judgment until April 3rd at this point. If you need more time, 24 rest assured I'm not going to jam you up for time. But just to

make sure it doesn't fall in a black hole. Does that work?

```
MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yes, your Honor.
 1
 2
               THE COURT: Okay.
 3
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Understanding that -- yeah, I think,
 4
     if the motion for discovery is still pending and we're dealing
     with that, that'll I'll likely ask for more time.
 5
 6
               THE COURT: Well, he may not like it, but I'll
 7
     probably give it to you. Okay, so -- all right, so, your
 8
     response date to the partial motion for summary judgment which
 9
     is -- can you see that on there?
10
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: The 16th, I believe.
               THE COURT: Oh, I'm just looking for your motion.
11
12
     Here we are, so docket number 28, that now becomes due -- your
13
     motion docket date will be April 3rd and like I said just let
14
     me know if you get jammed up for time. In the meantime, you
15
     can move for discovery and then you can respond to that which
     almost guarantees that we're not going to have that addressed
16
17
     by your April 3rd date because I'm sure he's going to fire off
18
     a reply.
19
               And then, we will jump on the discovery motion. And
20
     then, you can decide whether or not you need to file a third
21
     motion to dismiss, you can just call it a motion to dismiss at
22
     the last live complaint or if you want to find out what I do on
23
     the discovery motion.
24
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, your Honor, just to be
25
     clear at housekeeping. Judge Hughes in his procedures allowed
```

```
1
     the parties to agree to extend the lines.
 2
               THE COURT: Yes.
 3
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: And so, if you look at the docket
 4
     sheet when the live complaint I've not technically responded
     to. I think Mr. Zorn and I have reached an agreement --
 5
 6
               THE COURT: I'm not entering a default.
 7
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, and so, I just wanted to make
 8
     that clear for the record that obviously when and if I file a
 9
     motion to dismiss that will be my response to the live
10
     complaint.
11
               THE COURT: Okay. Are you good with that Mr. Zorn?
12
               MR. ZORN: Oh, absolutely your Honor. And just a few
13
     housekeeping. I just want to make sure that the record is
14
     clear.
15
               THE COURT: Right.
16
               MR. ZORN: I dispute the Government's
17
     characterization that the 30(b)(6) notice was unclear. I just
18
     -- I need this to be clear for the record. Topic number one
19
     was the structure and operation of DEA FOIA office which, I
20
     mean, the Government was saying that this question about who is
21
     the chief --
22
               THE COURT: Well, you don't need to put your position
23
     on the record, you guys are going to fight over the 30(b)(6)
24
     shortly, you all don't need to -- I'm not settling that dispute
```

today. So, --

```
1
               MR. ZORN: Great.
 2
               THE COURT: -- you don't have to respond if you feel
 3
     like your argument has been -- so, anyway you'll file that
 4
     motion for discovery shortly I assume.
 5
               MR. ZORN: Yes.
 6
               THE COURT: You'll file a response within the 21
 7
     days.
 8
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yes, your Honor.
 9
               THE COURT: Your partial summary judgment response is
10
     due April 3rd with -- and if you need time, we'll deal with
     that. And we're terminating the motion to dismiss without
11
12
     prejudice. I'm not going to enter an order, I'm just going to
13
     terminate it, so you don't think that it's pending out there.
14
     Does that address all of the pending motions and issues?
15
               MR. ZORN: Yes, your Honor. There's only one other
     thing and I just want the briefing to be sharp. You know, in
16
17
     this America's First case the Government is taking the position
18
     that there's no EPA claim because there's a FOIA policy or
19
     practice claim. So, I'm a little concerned that the position
20
     it's taking, this case is going to be completely the opposite
21
     of that case. But I mean, I just want the Government to know
22
     that. I want the law to be right here, but --
23
               THE COURT: You want to make sure you tell the
24
     Government right in front of me, is that what it is?
25
               MR. ZORN: Yeah.
```

```
1
               THE COURT: Okay. All right, I got it.
 2
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: I'm not familiar with that case, but
 3
     I'm more than happy to look at whatever Mr. Zorn provides.
 4
               THE COURT: Okay. So, have we got you a road map at
 5
     least in the short term?
 6
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: I believe so, your Honor. I really
 7
     appreciate your time.
 8
               THE COURT: You bet. You all need anything, don't
 9
     hesitate to reach back out. This obviously is going on a
10
     somewhat different track, so we'll try to keep the trains
11
     moving. All right if there's nothing further, everyone's
12
     excused, thank you.
13
               MR. ZORN: Thank you, your Honor.
14
               MR. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
15
               THE COURT: You bet.
16
          (Hearing adjourned at 2:43 PM)
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

## $\texttt{C} \;\; \texttt{E} \;\; \texttt{R} \;\; \texttt{T} \;\; \texttt{I} \;\; \texttt{F} \;\; \texttt{I} \;\; \texttt{C} \;\; \texttt{A} \;\; \texttt{T} \;\; \texttt{I} \;\; \texttt{O} \;\; \texttt{N}$ I, Sonya Ledanski Hyde, certified that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. Soneya M. Leslandi Hyd Sonya Ledanski Hyde Veritext Legal Solutions 330 Old Country Road Suite 300 Mineola, NY 11501 Date: April 18, 2023